Lapland

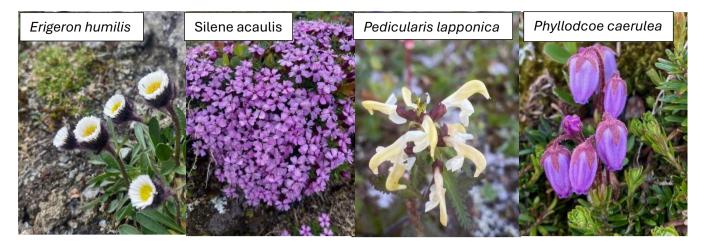
A Tour for the Alpine Garden Society

A Greentours Trip Report

7th – 14th July 2024



Just before meeting everyone at the airport I popped into the Aptasvare Nature Reserve behind the Space Research Station and saw three birds- two of them were Siberian Tits and the other was a male Pine Grosbeak!



The flight from Stockholm arrived slightly early and so we were soon out boarding our minibuses for the journey to Abisko. After a brief dalliance with the cashpoints at main co-op in town we were on the road. It takes just an hour and a quarter to reach Abisko

As we neared the national park we started following the shoreline of Lake Torneträsk – a huge and very picturesque lake. Pulling up at the hotel in Björkliden we quickly got ourselves sorted out into our rooms and headed for dinner. The sun showed no sign of setting, as we dined on tender beef and vegetables. The restaurant windows offered an excellent view out over the lake and the panorama was breathtaking including the summit of Njulla, the incomparable U-shaped hanging valley (Lapporten) and the snow-covered mountains along the Norwegian border. We knew we would enjoy staying in the hotel and some of us went for a post-prandial wander around the local area. The sun showed no sign of setting, and this was slightly disorientating.



Day 2 July 8th Björkliden & Stordalen

We awoke to a rather grey scene, the fabulous views from the huge windows in the breakfast room only occasionally emerging from the clouds. Still we were determined to get out there and enjoy Abisko's lovely flora so at eight-thirty we set off in the general direction of Kratersjön.

Our progress was slow! A short uphill stretch was not really the reason though. Nor the light rain blowing in a sometimes fulsome breeze. Nor the fact that it was barely ten degrees. Immediately the flora was good. Soon we were enjoying wonderful displays of *Cornus suecica* and pink and white Twinflower, *Linnaea borealis*. Elegant *Carex atrata* was by the track, a ring of *Equisteum fluviatile* around the little pond. Our first orchid was a Frog Orchid, soon followed by Fragrant Orchids, the first of many.

Fieldfares breezed across the track as we got to grips with the confusing array of willow – here were *Salix glauca, hastata, phylicifolia* and the lovely smooth *lanata,* and the promiscuity of willows was soon

evident with hybrids between at least two of them. Next were banks of *Geranium sylvaticum* and *Trollius europaea*. Trackside *Saxifraga aizoides* was enjoyed and a meter further along the first population of the local form of 'Small White Orchid' *Pseudorchis straminea* was found.







Then we were off-piste heading slowly round a large pond and across some fine tundra. Here were all manner

of wonderful plants. Carexes soon because diverse with *Carex magellanica, Carex canescens* and *Carex norvegica*. An area where snow had recently lain was a highlight. The slopes was covered in mounds of the gorgeous *Cassiope hypnoides*, every perfect white bell topped with a red cross. The fiery buds and pink blooms of *Kalmia procumbens* were spread here and there and now we were seeing some very fine clumps of the Mountain Heath *Phyllodoce caerulea*. There was even a lovely clump of *Diapensia lapponica* in full bloom. Under a nearby rock was *Arabis alpina* and *Athyrium distentifolium*. Where the very last snow had lain was the tiny buttercup *Ranunculus pygmaeus* and Arne found a population of the tiny willow *Salix polaris*, all of 2cm high! This was the last of the triumvirate of tiny



willows this morning, we'd already found *Salix herbacea* in abundance and also *Salix reticulata*.

We heard cried in the air and looked up to watch two of the world's most elegant fliers – a pair of Long-tailed Skuas. These birds scythed through the sky, sometime hopping lightly, other times arcing across the breeze, and sometimes even stopping stock still in the air. Ohh to fly like them!

Meanwhile on the ground there were new orchids. First we found a little colony of shining Lesser Twayblades, then Arne spotted a Coralroot Orchid in nice flower. With the later was both *Micranthes* tenuis and *Saxifraga rivularis*, and nearby a third saxifrage, *Saxifraga cernua*, its bulbiliferous stem topped by a single white flower. Also here were Moonworts, sedges like *Carex lachenallii*, *Carex vaginata* and *Carex dioica*, and three species of *Cerastium*. The variety seemed endless and it was difficult to pull ourselves away and back down to the hotel.

This done we drove the short distance into Abisko and picked up some lunch and took it down to the boatyard to enjoy. The weather was not the best, it seemed even colder and the and stronger. A White-tailed Eagle flew over.



The afternoon was spent on the bog boardwalk at Stordalen. The bogs were quite fun. There was plenty of Bog Rosemary and also Cranberry. New sedges appeared with Carex rostrata, Carex rotundata and the newly minted Carex x saamica which is stabilized hybrid between the two. Marsh Cinquefoil was plentiful and in nice flower and the Rubus chamaemorus was just wonderful, the bright orange berries decorating the bog's surface. There were patches of the sundew Drosera rotundifolia and there a few more Lesser Twayblade too. In places the cotton grasses Eriophorum vaginatum and Eriophorum angustifolium were dominant. A highlight was the extraordinary moss Splachnum luteum whose yellow fairy umbrellas stood on long stalks above the fine green 'moss' below. Splachnum grows in decomposing moose dung or decaying animal matter and as if this wasn't remarkable enough the sporophytes which give it such an attractive and

distinctive appearance give off an odour similar to dung!

Still we were in for more treats as Wood Sandpipers scolded us at close range and then Arctic Terns danced gracefully around us as we walked back along the walkway.

The dinner featured Reindeer carpachio for starter which most of us agreed would be perfectly acceptable to live on for the whole week morning, lunch and night! The Arctic Char for main course was a treat too.

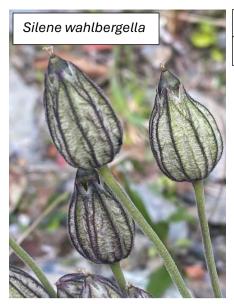


Day 3 July 9th Abisko

Again it was rather miserable at breakfast, cold and damp outside, though not enough to deter us! So we were soon off for the short journey to our first stop, a roadside on just ten minutes drive away. A damp flush held quite a few Lesser Twayblade, Coralroot Orchid (over now though) and



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Fragrant Orchid. There was a Frog Orchid or two as well and lots of *Saxifraga aizoides* in some nice colour forms, some of them a deep orange. Arne showed us *Juncus arcticus*.

Now we headed to Abisko and the canyon circuit. This relatively short circuit can be completed in well under an hour but we took the rest of the morning. The gorge is not so deep, maybe twenty metres, but is still impressive as is the force of the water that rushes through the tunnel blasted by engineers a century ago so that the train at the top didn't have to go through the waterfall that was there! We started by heading down into the gorge where we got to know several plants that are hard to see outside of the gorge. There were two Woodsia ferns. The widespread but local *Woodsia alpina* was rather common. The diminutive and altogether rarer *Woodsia glabella*, a species generally only found north of the Arctic Circle, was harder to spot but we found one nice rocky crevice with many. Beautiful were the clumps of *Campanula uniflora*. There were Saxifrages too. *Saxifraga cernua* we were familiar with but there were also clumps of the less than pretty *Micranthes nivalis* as well as the altogether nice *Saxifraga cespitosa*. Keith spotted a Dipper in the gorge. Then we walked around the



gorge, the boardwalk taking us to various vantage points and through nice habitats. There were various *Stellarias*, some very nice *Astragalus frigidus*, and Roderick made a star find – the lovely little gentian relative *Comastoma tenella*. Roderick also found its cousin *Gentianella amarella* growing on a roadside verge. Another nice find was the non-flowering *Silene wahlbergella* – that is you can't see the flowers because they are inside the Calyx, and we also saw *Stellaria borealis*, another plant that doesn't have flowers, in this case it doesn't have petals at all, the flowers being just the stamens and stigma subtended by sepals!

Lunch was taken on the bench by the wildlife information centre which we also visited.

In the afternoon the showers had disappeared and the weather as altogether brighter though the winds also became keener and it felt somewhat cooler. We spent an hour and a half exploring a little bit of the Abisko-Björkliden path and some hummocky areas of tundra between it and Torneträsk Lake. Bramblings, Lesser redpolls and Great Tits were in the birches. There were some nice populations of orchids here, especially the *Pseudorchis straminea* which was rather common and there were some white forms of Fragrant Orchid too. A surprise was a number of Creeping Ladies Tresses almost in bloom. The sedge *Carex capitata* was distinctive. Down by the shoreline we found some nice *Cardamine nymannii* and the fine little rush *Juncus triglumis*. Best though was undoubtedly the three fine spikes of the Kings-spear *Pedicularis sceptrum-carolinum*, the pale yellow blooms each tipped with magenta.

Some now elected to return to the hotel as the late afternoon entertainment was to be a bit of scramble. That turned out to be an understatement! We walked up the north side of Njulla Mountain just a short distance but with no path through a damp contorted birch forest before exploring an impossibly steep and slippery gully it was rather difficult. But we found our quarry, even if there was only one! The orchid *Platanthera oligantha* subspecies *obtusata*. This is a rare plant in Scandinavia and only found north of the Arctic Circle. Nearby *Silene acaulis* and the fern *Asplenium viride* were on the

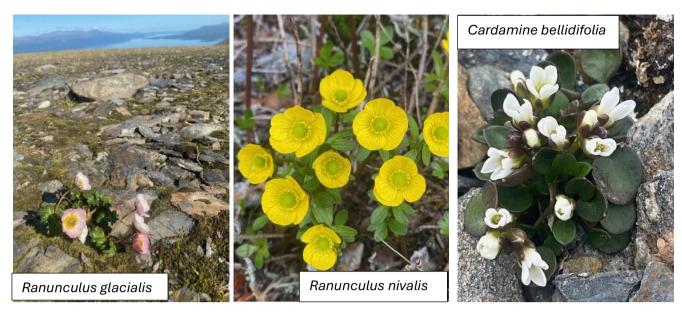


rocks and Cassiope tetragona flowered on the tundra. We had an altercation with a bee's nest on the way down. There was a large stand of Cicerbita in bud, masses of the delicate Cystoperis montana growing in mosses, and under the birches quite a lot of Herb Paris. Bluethroat and a male Arctic Redpoll were seen.



Day 4 July 10th Njulla Mountain

The weather again wasn't so hot at breakfast but the forecast promised better so he girded our loins and headed for the chair lift in Abisko with worried glances at the mountain top which seemed regularly swathed in cloud!



We needn't have worried, by the time we were getting on our chairs (we were the first ones) the weather was already lifting and in fact the morning turned out pleasant another and by the time we ate our picnic it was already sunny and getting warmer by the minute. There was even the odd butterfly our and about in the afternoon.

It is questionable whether we would have noticed any butterflies in the morning as the diverse and sometimes beautiful flowers of Njulla Mountain very much held our attention. We covered the ground steadily uphill to the first snow patches but after that we went at a crawl as there was so much to see. Patches of *Dryas octopetala* were in nice condition and so too some large patches of Roseroot, *Rhodiola rosea*. We learnt that the male and female flowers differ markedly hence the apparent two colour forms. Around the snow we found a heavenly show of *Ranunculus glacialis*, the blooms varying from pure white to deep reddish-pink. These grew with round mats of and the little cress *Cardamine bellidifolia*. We started to find saxifrages. Below the snow was a fine show of *Micranthes stellaris* whilst above it was the lovely *Saxifraga oppositifolia*. On damp areas on the slope above and on the rocky benches thereon were large populations of the Saxifrages *Micranthes tenuis*,





Micranthes foliolosa, and the lovely little Saxifraga rivularis. Arne had already located the polar Erigeron humilis lower down and here it was again on the rocks sometimes growing close to its cousin Erigeron uniflora. We found a second Cassiope, tetragona, flowering up here, and there were patches of both Phyllodoce and Kalmia procumbens too. Buttercups were rather good. Glacialis might take the plaudits but almost as good was the brilliant yellow nivalis,



and there was little *Ranunculus pygmaeus*, and then a superb form of *acris* which surely ought to be a different species! Little *Veronica alpina* was enjoyed. There was quite a bit of *Pedicularis lapponica* but here a new lousewort, pink and white *Pedicularis hirsuta*. Red *Rubus arcticus* was here and there and in one shadey gully was some very large white flowered *Rubus chamaemorus*. Needless to say there were more Carexes. *Carex lachenalii* and *Carex norvegica* were the common species, and *Carex bigelowii* too. New was *Carex fuliginosa* subspecies *misandra*. *Juncus triglumis* and little *Juncus biglumis* were common. Amongst several rather fine alpine grasses *Agrostis mertensii*, *Poa alpina*, and the strange *Phippsia algida* stood out. Near the chairlift station was some fine *Gentiana nivalis*.

Butterflies started to appear as we headed back to the chairlift, notably Dewy Ringlet.

We also found a female Ptarmigan with at least eight chicks as we neared refreshment. Other birds seen during the excursion were few, though Caroline glimpsed male Snow Buntings, and Northern Wheatears were seen.

We stopped for a cup of tea at the Chair Lift Café, the world around us now full of sparkling sunshine and fantastic views. The descent on the chairs was relaxing and then it was back to the hotel, a trifle earlier than usual! Checklists then dinner, tonight a starter of buffalo mozzarella served in a striking and tasty way, and then a main course of Salmon, both of which were delicious.

Keith and Lynn unfortunately had to visit the hospital in Kiruna. On their early am return to the hotel they were fortunate enough to see a Northern Hawk Owl!

Day 5 July 11th Norway

As expected the view outside at breakfast was wet. We had decided that on this, the wettest day of the tour we would of course go to Norway! Mainly because this was the day we'd spend the most time travelling in the minibuses, not because Norway is nicer in the rain!

We stopped in Riksgränsen for picnic supplies and then crossed the border. It is perhaps a cliché to say that it was obvious we were in Norway straightaway, but there is a strong element of truth in this. The landscape became rockier, and now there were cute little wooden houses perched on picturesque knolls overlooking little lakes. We stopped in a valley where the road verges were full of

Dactylorhiza fuchsii, though there was a lot of discussion as to whether they were really fuchsii or maculata. There was a nice pure white one and also some gone-over Coralroot Orchid. Now we wound down towards the coast, and the scenery really became very different. We were in Fjordland. Impressive steep-sided mountains dropped precipitously into still dark waters. The slopes lower down were cloaked in something much more akin to what we think of as forest rather than the stunted birches of Abisko. We stopped when we reached the coast and took a walk alongside the shore. Of course straightaway the flora was quite different from Abisko. Here Scot's Lovage and Field Sow-thistle grew by the shore along with saltmarsh plants such as Marsh Arrowgrass, Plantago maritima and lots of lovely Lysimachia maritima. There were new sedges like Carex maritima and Carex glareosa and the spikerush Eleocharis uniglumis was dominant in damp areas alongside Juncus gerardii.



On rocks were fine displays of *Sedum acre* and a little *Sedum annuum* and *Saxifraga cespitosa*. The woodland edge held ferns such as *Dryopteris filix-mas*, *Dryopteris expansa* and *Phegopteris connectilis*. *Saussarea alpina* was in flower and we also found *Galeopsis tetrahit*, Marsh Arrow-Grass and the fine grass *Leymus arenaria*. Three Redbreasted Mergansers flew by. Meanwhile others had waked along the cliffside path where a diving platform high above the sea was both noteworthy and scary. Various *Ribes* were going into fruit, *Calluna vulgaris* just coming into flower and there was a fine *Epipactis atrorubens* too. Northern Wall Brown was seen.

It was still raining but things were looking a little brighter as we drove south though Narvik, passing two huge container ships being loaded with iron-ore. We entered Skjomen Fjord. This was hugely scenic with 1700m and glaciers as a backdrop and plentiful waterfalls cascading down the cliffs. Our attempt at finding a picnic out on a promontory failed when the road turned out to be private, but we found a nice enough place a kilometre further along and so took our picnic on a rocky shore overlooking the fjord. Parent and baby Harbour Porpoise cruised past. There were a number of Oystercatchers. Around us on the rocks was much *Sagina nodosa* and some *Gentianella aurea* in flower too. The sedge *Carex viridula* was new.

We started heading back making some short stops along the fjord as we went. A mossy forested bank had much *Salix caprea* and *Alnus incana* growing with the pines and birches. The forest understory in one area was a mass of *Matteucia struthiopteris*. Further along we stopped at a bay where the birdlife was excellent, notably the large numbers of Velvet Scoter and Common Eider. There was also a distant Black Guillemot, several Red-breasted Mergansers, Redshank and several Great Northern Divers.

Our last stop was by shore of Rombaken, the fjord just north of Narvik. Arctic Terns were on the beach and I found an adult White-tailed Eagle's 4th primary feather. Big! Our target here was the lovely Oyster Plant and we duly found lots of it. Under nearby

pines we enjoyed a fine show of Creeping Ladies Tresses, some of them already in flower. Here too was the One-flowered Wintergreen, and though the majority were well finished Hugh managed to unearth a small group still in perfect flower.

And then it was back into Sweden and Björkliden where we looked forward to another delicious dinner.

Day 6 July 12th Trollsjön

Breakfast saw us a little undecided. The forecast was good but try telling that to the outside world! It was definitely raining outside! We decided to trust the forecasts – they had been very accurate all week – and so headed of to Riksgränsen to pick up our picnics and thence to the trailhead to Trollsjön. Trollsjön is a fantastic majestically scenic glaciated valley with a perfect blue or turquoise tarn at the end surrounded by an impressive cirque. Sadly low cloud scudded by obscuring the walls of the valley and it rained on and off for a while. To



be fair it did stop raining and occasionally the cloud lifted a bit but we didn't get to experience the scenery part of Trollsjön properly. The flowers on the other hand we did.

The walk up Trollsjön is 5km and 6km from the One starts with a short where the forest floor is abundant *Cornus suecica*. drag up slopes with an flora, the diversity rising enter the main valley. A sentinel here. From here through swathes of Globeflowers, Red





a long one, between trailhead to the tarn. section through birch literally carpeted with Then there's a long always 'improving' as we do. Then you Long-tailed Skua sat on in we walked flowers. Initially Campions and Wood

Cranesbills changing to *Viola biflora* (acres!) and *Astragalus*. We found new species such as *Oxytropis lapponica, Micranthes nivalis* and *Pyrola media*. There was *Draba fladnizensis, Potentilla nivea* and *Epilobium hornemannii*. Our picnic was taken by the tarn, no blue or turquoise today though as it looked a sullen grey. One Common Gull was in residence. Up by the cliffs we found *Minuartia stricta*, the delicate *Euphrasia salisburgensis*, and the only *Chamorchis alpina* of the trip. We saw a little *Diapensia* in flower. On the scree slopes on the other side of the lake there was *Ranunculus glacialis*



and Ranunculus nivalis, also several saxifrages including oppositifolia, tenuis, cespitosa and rivularis. On the way down a flat wet meadow held much Caltha palustris, some still in flower. Bluethroats were seen. Down by the parking area a bog held the little sedge Carex pauciflora.



Then it was back for a much need beer/cuppa and then dinner. Tonight Toast Skagen as a starter, a tasty mix of brioche toast and prawns, followed by entrecote and chips. Very nice.



Day 7 July 13th Abisko Nature Trail and Låktatjåkko Trail

This morning there was a lovely sunny vista at breakfast! We headed down to Abisko and spent the morning walking the nature trail there. By now we were familiar with almost all the flora though it was nice to see good stands of some of the commoner species. Butterflies were out in numbers this morning with lots of Small Pearl-bordered Fritillaries, some Moorland Clouded Yellows, lots of Cranberry Blues and a few Idas Blues. Lynn photographed a fine Thor's Fritillary. A Common Sandpiper was along the river and a family party of Pied Flycatchers moved through the birches. Two Red-throated Divers were on Vuolip Njáhkájávri. Azure Hawkers flew about the edge of the water there. We found a nice population of Herb Paris and then down by the river edge was mats of Antennaria dioica. We found Rhododendron lapponicum but it was well past its flowering time.

We collected our picnics and headed back to the hotel and enjoyed them on the benches outside in full sun. Our afternoon was spent on the Låktatjåkko Trail which rises to the southwest from the hotel. We each walked as far as we wanted before returning the hotel. It was a very good walk with a rich variety of plantlife. It started with lots of Gentiana nivalis flowering by the trackside. Then we



found the uncommon *Carex x saamica* growing in abundance around a little pool. As we rose we found so many of the special plants we seen during the week. There was *Erigeron humilis* with its velvety black phyllaries, wonderful patches of *Saxifraga aizoides, Pinguicula alpina* with its yellow-spotted white flowers, and a stand of the almond-scented *Cystopteris montana* under a rocky ledge. *Veronica alpina* was particularly fine and as we reach snow patches we started to find nice *Ranunculus nivalis* and white and pink *Ranunculus glacialis*. Here there was more *Saxifraga oppositifolia* than we'd yet seen, with colours varying from deep purple-pink to pale mauve-pink. There were wonderful stand of *Viola biflora*, and perfect clumps of *Rhodiola rosea* begging to be photographed with a lake and mountain background. Speaking of which the views of Torneträsk lake far below us were wonderful this afternoon, the lake's surface almost mirror calm. We started to find lots of fungi. There was something very similar to a tiny Cep, also red *Russula nana/emerita* and the deceiver *Laccaria laccata*. On the top of a rock a beautiful Long-tailed Skua allowed me to within two metres! Golden Plover were everywhere and Redshank and Ringed Plover seemed to be breeding too. There was nice *flowering Diapensia lapponica* and more saxifrages – *cernua, tenuis, rivularis* and lots of lovely *stellaris*.

Then it was back for checklists and dinner, which tonight featured Arctic Char and a Lingonberry crème brulee for pudding. Yum!

Day 8 July 14th Kiruna!



We awoke to brilliant warm sunshine but only had a short time to enjoy it at breakfast before leaving for the airport at 07.20! Torneträsk lay gleaming by the road and the green birch forests shone too. A beautiful morning. Half way along the lake's shore and suddenly there was a male Reindeer trotting along the road in front of us. We followed for a short while, then he turned off the road and looking far more natural in the dryas heath, stared back at us. He had an impressive set of antlers covered in a thick layer of velvet. A fine animal. He was not strictly speaking truly wild, the Reindeer in this region are semi-domesticated.

We arrived into Kiruna on time, filled up the diesel tank (for the only time on the trip!) and headed to the airport, where our serene progress was rudely interrupted by the news that almost all us had

been bumped off our flight to Stockholm, and put on one four and a half hours later. Not great. But at least it gave us time to go and have a good walk. We headed for the Rymbcampus, the Swedish Institute of Space Research. A track behind the institute leads into the Aptasvare Nature Reserve, a huge tract of some 130 square kilometres of protected old-growth montane tundra forest interface. The habitat was very different from what we'd seen at Abikso. Here the rolling hills were covered in an open forest dominated by Scots Pine and Spruce, with Birches relegated to third. May of the Scots Pines were tiny but clearly already quite old. The understorey was rather monotonous, mainly common *Ericaceae*, with *Carex brunnescens* along the path. *Orthilia secunda* was about as exciting as it got. The birds on the other hand... It was a great place for Tits. Siberian Tit was seen and also Coal, Great and Willow Tits. A party of four Siberian Jays was just marvellous, seen for several minutes at close range. And two Bohemian Waxwings flew over. Bramblings were quite common. The fungi too were rather good, with a nice Russula, lots of very fine Orange Birch Bolete *Leccinum versipelle*, and *Lactarius* and *Laccaria* species.

We headed into town and the co-op and sorted ourselves a very nice picnic which we took on the shores of Yli Lompolo. This little lake is very attractive, unless you look up at the magnetite mine's spoil heaps to the immediate west. As we enjoyed our picnic in the meadow on the lake we could see Goldeneye with a family of youngsters, and also Slavonian Gebes with young too. *Galeopsis speciosa* grew by the water and *Hippuris vulgaris* in it. Near the airport we found naturalised *Delphinium elatum*.

Systematic List - Plants

PTERIDOPHYTA (club-mosses, horsetails and ferns)

ASPLENIACEAE

Asplenium viride In a cliff where we found Platanthera oligantha

ATHYRIACEAE

Athyrium distentifolium Common in the low-alpine zone

Athyrium filix-femina In Narvik area

CYSTOPTERIDACEAE

Cystopteris fragilis Widespread

Cystopteris montana Scattered in the subalpine birch-forest Gymnocarpium dryopteris Common in the subalpine birch-forest

DRYOPTERIDACEAE

Dryopteris expansa In Narvik area
Dryopteris filix-mas In Narvik area

EQUISETACEAE

Equisetum arvenseCommon in agricultural areasEquisetum arvense ssp. alpestreIn wet areas in the alpine zoneEquisetum palustreWidespread and common

Equisetum pratense Widespread

Equisetum scirpoidesBy the lake Torneträsk. A rare speciesEquisetum sylvaticumCommon in the subalpine birch-forestEquisetum variegatumWidespread in the low-alpine zone

LYCOPODIACEAE

Diphasiastrum alpinumWidespread and common in the low-alpine zoneHuperzia arcticaWidespread and common in the alpine zone

Lycopodium annotinum ssp. *alpestre* Common in birch forests and in the low-alpine zone

Lycopodium annotinum ssp. annotinum Scattered in birch forests

ONOCLEACEAE

Matteuccia struthiopteris One place in Narvik area

OPHIOGLOSSACEAE

Botrychium lunaria Björkliden and Abisko

POLYPODIACEAE

Polypodium vulgare In Narvik area

SELAGINELLACEAE

Scattered in the low-alpine zone

THELYPTERIDACEAE

Phegopteris connectilis In Narvik area and by Abisko canyon

WOODSIACEAE

Woodsia alpina Abisko canyon and in Narvik area

Woodsia glabella Abisko canyon

MAGNOLIOPHYTA AMARANTHACEAE

Atriplex sp. By the sea together with Galium aparine

APIACEAE (Umbelliferae)

Angelica archangelica Common

Angelica sylvestris In Narvik area

Anthriscus sylvestris Widespread and common in roadsides

Carum carvi In Narvik area

Heracleum sphondylium In a roadside in Narvik area

Ligusticum scoticum Close to the sea in Narvik area. Common

ASPARAGACEAE

Polygonatum verticillatum In a mixed deciduous forest in Narvik area

ASTERACEAE (Compositae)

Achillea millefolium Very common

Achillea ptarmica Recorded once in Narvik area
Antennaria alpina Common in the alpine zone

Antennaria dioica By Abisko river, both male and female plants

Artemisia vulgaris Outside hotell Fjället, Björkliden

Cicerbita alpina Riksgränsen

Cirsium heterophyllum (syn. C. helenoides) Widespread in roadsides

Crepis tectorum On cliffs close to the sea in Narvik area

Solidago virgaurea Widespread and very common

Erigeron acer subsp. acer On cliffs in Narvik area

Erigeron acer subsp. politus Recorded once between Abisko and Björkliden

Erigeron boreale Scattered in the alpine zone

Erigeron humilis Njulla mountain and in the alpine zone above Björkliden

Erigeron unifloraScattered in the alpine zoneHieracium alpinumScattered in the alpine zone

Leucanthemum vulgare Narvik area

Omalotheca norvegica Widespread and common in the subalpine birch forests and in the

low-alpine zone

Omalotheca supina Common in areas with thick snow cover during the winter

Petasites frigidus Scattered in the alpine zone

Saussurea alpina Widespread and common. Only a few plants observed with flowers

Sonchus arvensis Near the sea in Narvik area
Tripleurospermum maritimum Near the sea in Narvik area

Tussilago farfara Only leaves

BETULACEAE

Betula nanaWidespread and commonBetula pubescensWidespread and common

Betula nana x pubescens Scattered

Alnus incana Recorded once in Narvik area

BORAGINACEAE

Mertensia maritimaRecorded in one place by the sea in Narvik areaMyosotis decumbensWidespread and common in subalpine forest

BRASSICACEAE

Arabidopsis arenosa Abisko

Arabis alpina Widespread in the alpine zone along streams and on wet ground

Capsella bursa-pastoris Abisko

Cardamine bellidifolia On Njulla mountain. Small plant with white flowers

Cardamine nymannii On Njulla mountain and in the alpine zone above Björkliden

Draba fladnizensis On dry cliffs near Trollsjön. Only in fruit

Erysimum virgatum Abisko

Rorippa palustris Abisko. Small, yellow flowers

CAMPANULACEAE

Campanula rotundifolia Widespread and common

Campanula uniflora Abisko canyon and in the alpine zone above Björkliden

CAPRIFOLIACEAE

Valeriana sambucifolia Narvik area

CARYOPHYLLACEAE

Cerastium alpinum Widespread in the alpine zone

Cerastium cerastioides Wet ground in the alpine zone, along streams and rivers

Cerastium fontanum Widespread and common

Cerastium nigrescensIn the alpine zone above BjörklidenCherleria biflora (syn. Minuartia biflora)Scattered in the low-alpine zoneHonckenya peploidesBy the sea in Narvik area

Moehringia trinervia Narvik area

Sabulina stricta (syn. Minuartia stricta) Trollsjön in the cliffs where the orchid Chamorchis alpina was found

Sagina nodosa On cliffs by the sea in Narvik area

Sagina procumbens Narvik area

Sagina saginoides On wet ground in the alpine zone above Björkliden

Silene acaulis Widespread and common in the low- and mid-alpine zone

Silene dioica Common

Silene uniflora By the sea in Narvik area

Silene wahlbergella Trollsjön and by the chair lift station on Njulla mountain. Not very

common. Inflated calyx covering the petals

Stellaria borealis Yellow-green plant with flowers without petals

Stellaria crassifolia Abisko canyon and close to the sea in Narvik area. May be two

different subspecies

Stellaria graminea Common in the sub alpine birch forest and roadsides

Stellaria nemorum Scattered in the subalpine birch forest

CELASTRACEAE

Parnassia palustris Widespread and common. The genus Parnassia is named after Mt.

Parnassus in Greece (not far from Delphi),

CORNACEAE

Cornus suecica Common in the subalpine forest

CRASSULACEAE

Rhodiola rosea Widespread from sea level and up into the alpine zone. Separate

female (red) and male (yellow) flowers

Sedum annuum Narvik area
Sedum acre Narvik area

CUPRESSACEAE

Juniperus communis Common in the low-alpine zone

CYPERACEAE

Carex adelostoma On wet ground in the alpine zone above Björkliden

Carex aquatilis Common. A tall species with many spikes

Carex atrata Very common. 30-40 cm tall with 3-4 spikes hanging down at the same

side. Broad leaves

Carex atrofusca Common on wet, nutrient-rich soil. 20-30 cm tall with 2-3 dark brown

spikes hanging down

Carex bigelowii Very common on dry ground in the alpine zone

Carex brunnescens subsp. brunnescens Common

Carex brunnescens subsp. vitilis One record in a wet ditch in Narvik area
Carex capillaris Widespread on wet, nutrient-rich soil

Carex capitata Common. One spike (but both sexes on the same spike)
Carex dioica Common. One small spike. Separate male and female plants

Carex fuliginosa ssp. misandra Rare plant in the low- and mid- alpine zone. Similar to Carex atrofusca

but more yellow-green leaves.

Carex glareosa Close to the sea in Narvik area together with Eleocharis species

Carex lachenalii A very common plant on wet ground in the low- and mid-alpine zone

Carex magellanica Scattered. Long and pointed glumes

Carex maritima Close to the sea in Narvik area One spike. 10 cm. The utriculuses

turning down

Carex nigraWidespread and commonCarex norvegicaWidespread in the alpine zoneCarex pallescensRecorded in Narvik area

Carex parallela Scattered. One spike. 10 cm. Separate female and male plant. Very

similar to Carex dioica

Carex pauciflora One record by the carpark for the walk to Trollsjön

Carex rostrata Widespread and common on wet ground along small lakes and ponds

Carex rotundata Stordalen nature reserve

Carex rupestris One spike. 10 cm with many dry and twisted leaves. Björkliden and

Trollsjön

Carex x saamica Hybridogenous species with C. rotundata and C. rostrata as parents

species. Stordalen nature reserve

Carex saxatilis Widespread and common in wet ground and along streams and rivers.

Black spikes

Carex vaginata A very common species in the subalpine and low-alpine zone
Carex viridula In a wet spot close to the sea in Narvik area. Very small spikes.

Eleocharis quinqueflora Close to the sea in Narvik area Eleocharis uniflora Close to the sea in Narvik area

Eriophorum angustifolium Common

Eriophorum scheuchzeri Common on wet ground in the alpine zone

Eriophorum vaginatum Common Trichophorum alpinum Scattered

Trichophorum cespitosum Scattered on wet ground in birch forests and the low-alpine zone

DIAPENSIACEAE

Diapensia lapponica Scattered in the low- alpine zone. White flowers

DROSERACEAE

Drosera rotundifolia Stordalen nature reserve. Only leaves

ERICACEAE

Andromeda polifolia Common in nutrient-poor mires

Arctous alpinus Scattered. The leaves turn deep red during the autumn

Empetrum nigrum Widespread and common

Harrimanella (syn. Cassiope) hypnoides Common in areas with thick snow cover during the winter. Small,

white and bell-shaped flowers

Kalmia (syn. Loiseleuria) procumbens Very widespread and common in the low- alpine zone, Small, red and

Rhododendron-like flowers

Oxycoccus microcarpus Scattered in nutrient-poor mires

Phyllodoce caerulea Widespread and common in the subalpine forest and in the low-alpine

zone

Vaccinium myrtillusWidespread and commonVaccinium uliginosumWidespread and commonVaccinium vitis-idaeaWidespread and commonMoneses unifloraNarvik area in a pine forest

Orthilia secunda Abisko Pyrola media Trollsjön

Pyrola minor Widespread in the subalpine forest and the low-alpine zone

Pyrola rotundifolia Widespread in the subalpine forest

FABACEAE

Astragalus alpinus Widespread and common. Blue flowers

Astragalus frigidus Widespread. Yellow flowers
Anthyllis vulneraria Roadside in Narvik area
Lathyrus pratensis Abisko and Narvik area
Lotus corniculatus Some places in roadsides

Oxytropis lapponica Trollsjön

Trifolium pratense Common in roadsides

Trifolium repens Common in roadsides
Viccia cracca Common in roadsides

GENTIANACEAE

Comastoma tenella Abisko canyon

Gentiana nivalis Common above Björkliden. Deep blue and star-shaped flowers

Gentianella amarella Abisko

Gentianella aurea On sea cliffs in Narvik area

GERANIACEAE

Geranium sylvaticum Widespread and common

JUNCACEAE

Juncus arcticus Between Abisko and Björkliden

Juncus biglumis Scattered in wet places in the alpine zone. Two flowers in different

height level

Juncus bufonius In a wet ditch in Narvik area

Juncus trifidus Widespread and common on dry ground with mostly no snow cover

during the winter

Juncus triglumis Widespread on wet ground. Three flowers beside each other

Juncus filiformisNot far from the carpark for the walk to TrollsjönJuncus gerardiiVery common close to the sea in Narvik areaLuzula arcuataCommon in the alpine zone on Njulla mountain

Luzula multiflora Widespread and common in both the subalpine and low-alpine zones.

Luzula pilosa In a pine forest in Narvik area together with Moneses Luzula spicata Widespread, often together with Juncus trifidus

Luzula wahlenebergii Njulla mountain

JUNCAGINACEAE

Triglochin maritimum Close to the sea in Narvik area

Triglochin palustris Narvik area

LAMIACEAE

Galeopsis tetrahit Narvik area

Galeopsis bifida Yli Lompopo, Kiruna

LENTIBULARIACEAE

Pinguicula alpina In the alpine zone above Björklden. White flowers

Pinguicula vulgaris Blue flowers. Widespread and common

LINNAEACEAE

Linnaea borealis Widespread and common

MELANTHIACEAE

Paris quadrifolia Lots north side of Njulla and nature trail, Abisko

MENYANTHACEAE

Menyanthes trifoliata Abisko

ONAGRACEAE

Chamerion angustifolium Widespread and common along roadsides

Epilobium anagallidifoliumIn the alpine zone above Björklden. Nodding flowers. 5cmEpilobium collinumOn a cliff in Narvik area. Small plant with cross-shaped stigmas

Epilobium hornemanniiTrollsjön. Club-shaped stigmasEpilobium montanumCommon. Cross-shaped stigmas

ORCHIDACEAE

Chamorchis alpina Trollsjön and in the alpine zone above Björkliden

Coeloglossum viride Widespread

Corallorhiza trifida In the alpine zone above Björkliden. A saprophytic orchid

Epipactis atrorubens One record in Narvik area

Goodyera repens Abisko and in a pine forest in Narvik area

Platanthera oligantha In a gorge on the north side of Njulla mountain

Pseudorchis straminea Common the low-alpine zone

Dactylorhiza maculata Narvik area

Dactylorhiza fuchsii In a ditch close to Riksgränsen

Listera cordata Widespread in Abisko and Björkliden

OROBANCHACEAE

Bartsia alpina Widespread and common in the subalpine forest and in the low-alpine

zone

Euphrasia frigida Widespread and common

Euphrasia salisburgensis Trollsjön, on the cliffs together with Chamorchis alpina

Euphrasia stricta probably the widespread larger eyebright along roadsides etc

Melampyrum pratenseWidespread and commonMelampyrum sylvaticumWidespread and commonPedicularis hirsutaNjulla mountain and Trollsjön

Pedicularis lapponica Widespread and common. Pale yellow flowers

Pedicularis sceptrum-carolinum By the lake Torneträsk. 40-50 cm with big, pale yellow flowers

Rhinanthus minor Widespread

Veronica fruticans Widespread and common in the low-alpine zone. Small and dark blue

flowers

Veronica longifolia Abisko, by the entrance to the canyon

Veronica officinalis Narvik area

Veronica serpyllifolia By a small pond in the golf course in Björkliden

PLANTAGINACEAE

Hippuris vulgaris Yli Lompolo, Kiruna Plantago major Common weed

POACEAE

Agrostis mertensii Very common in the alpine zone, but easy to overlook.

Alopecurus pratensis Abisko

Anthoxanthum nipponicum Widespread in the low-alpine zone

Calamagrostis purpurea Stordalen nature reserve

Deschampsia alpina Abisko and Njulla mountain. Viviparous

Deschampsia cespitosa Widespread and common Avenella flexuosa Widespread and common

Elymus alaskanus subsp. borealis Trollsjön, on the cliffs together with Chamorchis alpina

Elytrigia repens Narvik area

Festuca ovina Widespread and common, often together with Juncus trifidus

Festuca rubraWidespread and commonFestuca viviparaScattered in the alpine zone

Hierochloe odorata Trollsjön

Leymus arenarius On sandy ground close to the sea in Narvik area

Melica nutans Narvik area

Milium effusum On the north side of Njulla mountain when searching for Platanthera

oligantha

Nardus stricta Above Björkliden

Phippsia algida Njulla mountain. A small grass growing in wet places with water from

melting snow patches.

Phleum alpinumWidespread and commonPoa alpinaWidespread and commonPoa alpina var. viviparaScattered in the alpine zone

Poa glauca On dry cliffs, both in Abisko canyon and on Njulla mountain

Poa pratensis Abisko

Trisetum spicatum Widespread in the alpine zone. Dark brown spike and stem densely

covered with silvery hairs

POLYGONACEAE

Bistorta vivipara Widespread and common. White flowers and bulbs
Oxyria digyna Widespread and common near streams and rivers

Rumex acetosa Widespread and common

Rumex acetosella Scattered

PRIMULACEAE

Lysimachia (syn. Trientalis) europaea Widespread and common in the subalpine forest. Normally with 7

white petals

Lysimachia (syn. Glaux) maritima Close to the sea in Narvik area
Lysimachia vulgaris in flower along Rombaken, Norway

RANUNCULACEAE

Actaea spicata In a mixed deciduous forest near the sea in Narvik area

Caltha palustris Stordalen nature reserve and Trollsjön. Only leaves except some in

flower at the latter

Delphinium elatum naturalised near the airport

Ranunculus glacialis Njulla and Trollsjön. Flowers first white and later red. Brown hairs on

the sepals

Ranunculus acris Widespread and common

Ranunculus nivalis Njulla and Trollsjön. Brown hairs on the sepals

Ranunculus pygmaeus Njulla and Trollsjön. Small, yellow flowers. Often growing together

with R. nivalis

Ranunculus repens Common weed

Thalictrum alpinum Widespread and common in the low-alpine zone on nutrient-rich soil.

Trollius europaeus Widespread and very common

ROSACEAE

Comarum palustre Scattered in wet places/open water

Dryas octopetala Widespread on limestone in the low- and mid-alpine zone. 8 petals

(«octopetala»)

Filipendula ulmaria Common in road sides

Fragaria vesca Narvik area

Geum rivale Widespread in the subalpine forest

Potentilla crantzii Widespread in the low-alpine zone. 5-lobed leaves

Potentilla nivea Trollsjön. A rare species with 3-lobed leaves with the underside

covered with white hairs.

Rubus arcticusScattered. Red flowersRubus chamaemorusWidespread and common.

Rubus saxatilis Widespread in the subalpine forest

Sibbaldia procumbens Widespread and common. 3-lobed leaves and small, yellow flowers

Sorbus aucuparia Common In the subalpine forest

RUBIACEAE

Galium aparine Close to the sea, among rocks in Narvik area

SALICACEAE

Populus tremula Narvik area

Salix arbuscula Abisko. Not a very common species

Salix caprea Narvik area, close to the sea

Salix glauca Very common in the low-alpine zone

Salix hastata Widespread in the subalpine forest and in the low-alpine zone. Leaves

with stipules

Salix herbacea Widespread in the alpine zone. The smallest of all willows (together

with S. polaris). Fruits shiny red without hairs.

Salix lanata Widespread in the low-alpine zone, often together with Salix glauca.

Leaves with stipules

Salix myrsinites Widespread on wet, nutrient-rich soil. Shiny, green leaves. Often with

dry and brown remains of leaves from last year

Salix phylicifolia Widespread. The largest of the mountain willows – like a small tree Salix polaris Similar to S. herbacea in size, but fruits red-violet and covered with

grey hairs

Salix reticulata A small willow (5-6 cm) on limestone. Leaves dark green on the upper

side and grey on the underside

SAXIFRAGACEAE

Micranthes foliolosa Njulla mountain, in wet places which have a thick snow cover during

the winter. Many bulbils and some times with a small, white flower

Micranthes nivalisScattered on dry places in the alpine zoneMicranthes stellarisWidespread and common on wet places

Micranthes tenuis Njulla mountain on wet ground

Saxifraga aizoides Widespread and common along streams and rivers. Both yellow and

orange flowers

Saxifraga cespitosa Scattered in the alpine zone. Also in Abisko canyon

Saxifraga cernua One big, white flower at the top of the stem. Dark red clonal buds

which will fall off and grow up to genetically identical plants

Saxifraga oppositifolia Widespread on wet, nutrient-rich places. A few plants still in flower on

Njulla mountain, quite a lot on the Låktatjåkko Trail

Saxifraga rivularis Widespread on wet and shady places

TOFIELDIACEAE

Tofieldia pusilla Widespread and common in the low-alpine zone

VIOLACEAE

Viola biflora A very common species in the low-alpine zone. Yellow flowers



Systematic List Number 2 Birds



Great northern diver Gavia immer several Håkvik Bay south of Narvik Red-throated diver Gavia stellata Several on various small lakes

Black-throated diver Gavia arctica Single on roadside lake on the way to Kiruna

Slavonian grebe *Podiceps auritus* a family, Yli Lompolo, Kiruna. Grey heron *Ardea cinerea* scattered, mainly Norway

Shelduck Tadorna tadorna Roderick saw a pair with chicks, Håkvik Bay south of

Narvik

WigeonAnas penelopeseveral Yli Lompolo, KirunaTealAnas crecca1, Yli Lompolo, Kiruna

Common Eider Somateria mollissima 50+ Håkvik Bay south of Narvik Velvet Scoter Melanitta fusca 100+ Håkvik Bay south of Narvik Goldeneye Bucephala clangula several Yli Lompolo, Kiruna

Red-breasted merganser Mergus serrator scattered in Norway

White-tailed Eagle Haliaeetus albicilla 1 over Abisko. Also, a primary feather found in Norway

Rough-legged buzzard Buteo lagopus staggeringly, none seen!

Ptarmigan Lagopus mutus one with many chicks on Njulla Mountain and 1 Trollsjön

Oystercatcher Haematopus ostralegus several, Norway.

Golden plover Pluvialis apricaria locally frequent in higher altitude areas

Ruff Philomachus pugnax 1 Stordalen

Common snipe Gallinago gallinago 2 on road on the way to Kiruna and heard elsewhere

Woodcock Scolopax rusticola singles in several places, some 'roding'

Whimbrel Numenius phaeopus Noted Stordalen, Njulla and along the nature trail at

Abisko

Common redshank Tringa totanus Small numbers throughout.

Wood sandpiper Tringa glareola Small numbers throughout – commonest wader

Common sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos Odd singles.

Long-tailed skua Stercorarius longicaudus Two above Björkliden, 1 Njulla Mountain, 2 Trollsjön and

2 Låktatjåkko Trail

Common gull Larus canus Small numbers daily.

Herring gull Larus argentatus A few in Norway.

Great black-backed gull Larus marinus 1 in Norway.

Common Tern Sterna hirundo 1 in Norway

Arctic tern Sterna paradisea several at Stordalen, also noted Norway

Black Guillemot Cepphus grille 1 Norway

Rock Dove Columba livia Feral Pigeon. Kiruna

Northern Hawk Owl Sturnia ulula Keith & Lynn saw en route from Kiruna to Abisko at

about 2am

Sand martin Riparia riparia Yli Lompolo on the last day. Meadow pipit Anthus pratensis Abundant and widespread.

White wagtail Motacilla alba recorded daily

Dipper Cinclus cinclus 1 at the Abisko Gorge and 1 Trollsjön

Bohemian Waxwing Bombycilla garrulus 2 seen Aptasvare Nature Reserve, Kiruna, heard

elsewhere

Bluethroat Luscinia svecica Occasionally encountered, always a treat.

Northern wheatear Oenanthe oenanthe frequent at higher altitudes

Fieldfare Turdus pilaris Widespread and frequently encountered.

Song thrush Turdus philomelos 1 at the hotel Björkliden Redwing Turdus iliacus Frequently encountered.

[Sedge warbler] Acrocephalus schoenobaenus Singing at Yli Lompolo (Kiruna) on the last day.

Willow warbler Phylloscopus trochilus Common.

Chiffchaff Phylloscopus collybita frequent, still singing

Pied flycatcher Ficedula hypoleuca 1 Björkliden, and a family on the nature trail Abisko

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Great tit} & \textit{Parus major} & \text{scattered} \\ \text{Blue tit} & \textit{Parus caeruleus} & \text{Norway} \end{array}$

Willow tit Parus montanus Only noted Aptasvare Nature Reserve, Kiruna

Siberian tit Parus cinctus 2 Aptasvare Nature Reserve, Kiruna, on the last morning

(also 2 there the hour before the group arrived)

Siberian Jay Perisoreus infaustus family party Aptasvare Nature Reserve, Kiruna, on the

last morning

MagpiePica picaSmall numbers daily.Hooded crowCorvus cornixSmall numbers daily.RavenCorvus coraxSmall numbers daily.

House sparrow Passer domesticus Abisko.

Chaffinch Fringilla coelebs Abisko Nature Trail
Brambling Fringilla montifringilla widespread in birch forest
Redpoll Carduelis flammea Common, frequently heard.

Hoary Redpoll Carduelis hornemanni males seen north side of Njulla Mountain and also

Trollsjön

Greenfinch Carduelis chloris 2 Norway

Pine Grosbeak Pinicola enucleator a male Aptasvare Nature Reserve, Kiruna, the hour

before the group arrived!

Yellowhammer Emberiza citronella heard at Abikso

Reed bunting Emberiza schoeniclus Occasional in boggy areas

Snow bunting Plectrophenax nivalis 2 seen well by Caroline in the snow on Njulla Mountain

Systematic list Number 3 Odonata

Azure hawker Aeshna caerulea A few seen here and there. Generally cloudy

cool weather meant few Odonata

Moorland hawker Aeshna juncea Rymdcampus on last morning

Systematic list Number 4 Butterflies





Green-veined white Pale arctic clouded yellow Moorland clouded yellow Idas blue Cranberry blue Thor's fritillary Mountain fritillary Small pearl-bordered fritillary

Northern wall brown

Arran brown

Dewy ringlet

Artogeia napi Colias tyche

Colias palaeno Plebejus idas

Vacciniina optilete

Boloria thore

Boloria napaea

Clossiana selene

Lassiomata petropolitana Erebia ligea

Erebia pandrose

scattered

scattered in upland areas scattered in upland areas

widespread widespread

One photographed by Lynn in Abisko.

A few seen Njulla Mountain One seen well in Norway.

Norway Abisko

scattered in upland areas

Systematic list Number 5 Mammals

Species in brackets were recorded by sign or found dead on road (DOR)

Harbour porpoise Phocoena phocoena Two in on Ofotfjorden (Norway), some

showed well, close-in in flat-calm conditions.

Red fox *Vulpes vulpes* One roadside en route to Abisko.

(Stoat) Mustela erminea 1 DOR Abisko

(Moose) Alces alces Dung and tracks throughout

Reindeer Rangifer tarandus Sign throughout. Just 1 seen but he was a

fabulous make and on the road at east end of

Torneträsk

Mountain hare Lepus timidus 2 seen on Njulla mountain.

Systematic list Number 6 Amphibians

Common frog Rana temporia Recorded here and there.